

INFORMES REALIZADO POR ORGANIZACIONES DE DERECHOS HUMANOS.

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AMNISTÍA INTERNACIONAL

- **Ukraine: One year on: Violations of the rights to freedom of expression, assembly and association in Crimea** (18/03/2015), Index number: EUR 50/1129/2015. One year after the annexation of Crimea by Russia, the report Violations of the rights to freedom of expression, assembly and association in Crimea highlights human rights abuses by the de facto authorities, including the failure to investigate a series of abductions and torture of their critics, and their unrelenting campaign of intimidation against pro-Ukrainian media, campaigning organizations, Crimean Tatars and other individuals critical of the regime.
<https://www.amnesty.org/download/Documents/EUR5011292015ENGLISH.pdf>
- **Syria: Al-Raqqa under attack: Syrian air force strikes against civilians** (17/03/2015), Index number: MDE 24/1029/2015. Syrian government air strikes on the eastern city of al-Raqqa in November 2014 killed dozens of civilians and injured many more. State-run media on two occasions reported that Syrian government forces had attacked fighters affiliated to the armed group that calls itself the Islamic State, which controls the city, but did not acknowledge civilian casualties. Since the end of 2012, Syrian government air strikes have repeatedly targeted the city in the context of the ongoing multi-party conflict in the country.
<https://www.amnesty.org/download/Documents/MDE2410292015ENGLISH.PDF>

HUMAN RIGHTS WATCH

- **After Liberation Came Destruction. Iraqi Militias and the Aftermath of Amerli** (18/03/2015). This 31-page report documents, through field visits, analysis of satellite imagery, interviews with victims and witnesses, and review of photo and video evidence, that militias looted property of Sunni civilians who had fled fighting, burned their homes and businesses, and destroyed at least two entire villages. The actions violated the laws of war. Human Rights Watch also documented the abduction of 11 men during the operation, in September and October.
http://www.hrw.org/sites/default/files/reports/iraq0315_forUpload.pdf

EUROPEAN UNION AGENCY FOR FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS (FRA)

- **Legal entry channels to the EU for persons in need of international protection: a toolbox** (March 2015). Every year, tens of thousands of people risk their lives trying to enter the European Union (EU) in an irregular way, and many die in the attempt. Increasing the availability of legal avenues to reach the EU would contribute to make the right to asylum set forth in Article 18 of the EU Charter of Fundamental Rights a reality for vulnerable refugees and other persons in need of protection who are staying in a third country, often facing risks to their safety. It would also help to fight smuggling in human beings. This FRA focus seeks to contribute towards the elaboration of such legal entry options so that these can constitute a viable alternative to risky irregular entry. http://fra.europa.eu/sites/default/files/fra-focus_02-2015_legal-entry-to-the-eu.pdf

INTERNAL DISPLACEMENT MONITORING CENTRE (IDMC)

- **Disaster-related displacement risk: Measuring the risk and addressing its drivers** (March 2015). The report forecasts an increased risk of global displacement caused by disasters, and calls for a stronger link between displacement and disaster risk reduction. It also applies the concept of risk to disaster-related displacement while quantifying human displacement risk around the world. <http://www.internal-displacement.org/assets/publications/2015/NRC-Displacement-Risk-Analysis-EFA-FINAL.pdf>

NORWEGIAN REFUGEE COUNCIL

- **Failing Syria. Assessing the impact of UN Security Council resolutions in protecting and assisting civilians in Syria** (12/3/2015). 21 humanitarian and human rights organizations say warring parties and powerful states have failed to implement UNSC resolutions leading to “worst year” of crisis for civilians in Syria. The agencies today released a scathing critique of the UN Security Council powers detailing how they have failed to alleviate the suffering of civilians in Syria amid intensifying conflict four years after the start of the crisis. Despite three Security Council resolutions adopted in 2014 that demanded action to secure protection and assistance for civilians, humanitarian access to large parts of Syria has diminished and more people are being killed, displaced and are in need of help than ever before, according to the report “Failing Syria”. http://www.nrc.no/arch/img.aspx?file_id=9194005

FREEDOM HOUSE

- **Human Rights Abuses in Russian-Occupied Crimea** (March 2015). In March 2014, Russia forcefully and illegally annexed the Crimean peninsula from the territory of Ukraine. Crimea’s residents have since faced increasingly grave civic, political, and human rights violations. At the same time, the Kremlin has sought to suppress reporting of many such abuses. This report, by Ukrainian journalist Andrii Klymenko, chief editor of Black Sea News, documents the

alarming deterioration of human rights in Crimea. It highlights the Kremlin's repressive policies against three groups in particular: ethnic, religious, or national groups that opposed the annexation, especially members of the indigenous Crimean Tatar community; independent voices seeking to report on the situation in Crimea (journalists, civil society activists, and members of NGOs); and holders of Ukrainian passports. Commissioned jointly by Freedom House and the Atlantic Council, the report provides a window into the lives of Crimea's residents in the year since Russia's occupation began.

https://www.freedomhouse.org/sites/default/files/CrimeaReport_FINAL.pdf

- **A New Multilateralism for Atrocities Prevention. A Global Fund and Development Agenda Advancing the Rule of Law** (March 2015). International human rights and humanitarian institutions that combat and prevent atrocities are under unprecedented strain with the weight of a handful of concurrent, severe global crises. The second pillar of the responsibility to protect, which focuses on prevention, is too often occluded by focus on the third pillar, which calls for humanitarian intervention through military force when atrocities have already taken place; this acts to complicate debates about prevention and effective response to atrocities. The prevention of atrocities should prioritize rule of law capacity building and include a doubly reinforcing cross-sector institutional and normative approach. Establishing a new grantmaking mechanism to support rule of law capacity-building efforts globally, a "Global Trust," would act as a preventive mechanism against atrocities and a preemptive one for areas at risk for atrocities.
https://www.freedomhouse.org/sites/default/files/MPL_New_Multilateralism_for_Atrocities_Prevention.pdf

REFWORLD

- **ACNUR da a conocer ambiciosas propuestas para una acción europea en el mar Mediterráneo** (12/03/2015). El Alto Comisionado de Naciones Unidas para los Refugiados (ACNUR) ha enviado una serie de propuestas concretas a la Unión Europea para abordar los retos planteados por los miles de refugiados e inmigrantes arriesgan sus vidas tratando de llegar a Europa cada año. Estas propuestas, formuladas por António Guterres -Alto Comisionado de ACNUR-, en una carta a la Unión Europea, forman parte de la Iniciativa de ACNUR para el mar Mediterráneo Central (CMSI por sus siglas en inglés), que tiene como objetivo fomentar un amplio debate entre la Comisión Europea, los Estados europeos y otros socios interesados, con el fin de abordar los retos de los flujos migratorios mixtos en el Mar Mediterráneo y para salvar vidas.
<http://www.refworld.org/docid/55016ba14.html>

ECRE

- **Hungary: Families with children and other vulnerable people detained with no effective judicial review** (20/03/2015). A new AIDA report by the Hungarian Helsinki Committee underlines that judicial review of immigration and asylum detention in Hungary continues to be ineffective, in breach of EU law and with no sign of efforts being made to solve the problem. The Hungarian

Helsinki Committee stresses that the courts' decisions upholding detention do not provide individual reasoning with regards to the lawfulness and proportionality of detention and fail to consider the individual circumstances of the persons concerned.

http://www.asylumineurope.org/sites/default/files/report-download/aida_-_hungary_thirdupdate_final_february_2015.pdf

- **AIDA report on Bulgaria: recognized refugees left with no support during “zero integration year”** (18/03/2015). No integration perspectives for persons being granted international protection, refugees being pushed back at the border with Turkey and discrimination against asylum seekers from Maghreb and sub-Saharan Africa in detention. This is the picture described by the new AIDA report on Bulgaria, written by the Bulgarian Helsinki Committee (BHC).
http://www.asylumineurope.org/sites/default/files/report-download/aida_bulgaria_report_third_update_final_january_2015.pdf
- **What's in a name? The reality of First “Reception” at Evros** (13/03/2015). Despite its potential, the Greek system of referral of third country nationals to the appropriate procedures (known as ‘first reception’), coupled with a dramatic lack of reception places, results in practice in asylum seekers and migrants, including children, being held in detention, often for prolonged periods. This is the conclusion of a report published this week following an ECRE delegation visit to the Fylakio First ‘Reception’ Centre and the adjacent Fylakio Detention Centre in the Evros region.
<http://www.ecre.org/component/downloads/downloads/992.html>
- **Reception and Detention Conditions of applicants for international protection in light of the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the EU** (13/03/2015). A new ECRE report provides guidance to Member States and asylum practitioners on how the provisions of the EU Charter of Fundamental Rights can be used to ensure a more rights based implementation of the standards contained in the Directive regulating the reception and detention of asylum seekers in the EU. The Charter, as informed by the case law from the Court of Justice of the EU (CJEU) and the European Court of Human Rights (ECtHR), can assist in ensuring that applicants for international protection receive an ‘adequate standard of living’; a standard that Member States are required to provide under the Directive.
<http://www.ecre.org/component/downloads/downloads/993.html>
- **European Commission and Member States discuss measures to enforce fingerprinting of asylum seekers** (13/03/2015). Statewatch revealed this week that the European Commission and Member States are discussing “best practices” to ensure that the fingerprints of asylum seekers and irregular migrants are taken and recorded in the Eurodac database. This database enables the functioning of the Dublin Regulation, which establishes a hierarchy of criteria for identifying the Member State responsible for the examination of an asylum claim lodged in an EU country.

<http://www.ecre.org/component/content/article/70-weekly-bulletin-articles/1000-european-commission-and-member-states-discuss-measures-to-enforce-fingerprinting-of-asylum-seekers-.html>

FIDH/ OMCT

- **Angola: “They want to keep us vulnerable” - Human Rights Defenders Under Pressure** (19/03/2015). In a joint report released today, the Observatory and the Associação Justícia Paz e Democracia (AJPD) depict an environment where human rights defenders and journalists in Angola are subjected to judicial and administrative harassment, acts of intimidation, threats and other forms of restrictions to their freedom of association and expression.
https://www.fidh.org/IMG/pdf/angola_obs_eng_19_mars_2015_ok.pdf

INTERNATIONAL CRISIS GROUP

- **Security Sector Reform in Guinea-Bissau: An Opportunity Not to Be Missed** (19/03/2015). A legitimate civilian government, economic improvement and an army that has lost credibility are an opportunity for Guinea-Bissau. Regional and international partners meeting in Brussels on 25 March should commit to finance security sector reform to help the small state move beyond its history of military coups.
[http://www.crisisgroup.org/~media/Files/africa/west-africa/guinea-bissau/b109-la-reforme-du-secteur-de-la-securite-en-guinee-bissau-une-occasion-a-saisir.ashx](http://www.crisisgroup.org/~/media/Files/africa/west-africa/guinea-bissau/b109-la-reforme-du-secteur-de-la-securite-en-guinee-bissau-une-occasion-a-saisir.ashx)

MIGRAR CON DERECHOS

- **La reagrupación de parejas casadas nacionales de Estados terceros puede supeditarse a que apruebe un examen sobre lengua y sociedad** (19/03/2015).
http://www.migrarconderechos.es/noticias/Comentario_conclusiones_K_y_A

UNRWA

- **Syria. Alienation and Violence. Impact of Syria Crisis Report 2014.** (10/03/2015). Dramatic findings of new Syria report include plummeting life expectancy and looming economic collapse. This report is part of series of reports that provide analysis to track and assess impacts of the armed-conflict on the socioeconomic situation and the lives of people in Syria during the current crisis. The report is the fourth in the series and covers the four quarters of 2014.
http://www.unrwa.org/sites/default/files/alienation_and_violence_impact_of_the_syria_crisis_in_2014_eng.pdf
- **The Real Madrid Foundation travels to the Occupied Palestinian Territory to start a new course of social sports schools** (16/03/2015).
<http://www.unrwa.org/newsroom/press-releases/real-madrid-foundation-travels-occupied-palestinian-territory-start-new>

- **GAZA SITUATION REPORT 83 (12/03/2015)**
<http://www.unrwa.org/newsroom/emergency-reports/gaza-situation-report-83>

OHCHR

- **Commissions of Inquiry and Fact-finding Missions on International Human Rights and Humanitarian Law: Guidance and Practice (2015)**. This publication captures the experience of United Nations international commissions of inquiry and fact-finding missions, and the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR) in supporting them, over the past two decades. It presents the principles, policies, practices and methodologies that guide their work.
http://www.ohchr.org/Documents/Publications/CoI_Guidance_and_Practice.pdf

UNHCR / ACNUR

- **Fighting and despair triggers rise in numbers fleeing Syria to Jordan (19/03/2015)**.
<http://www.unhcr.org/550b14ce6.html>
- **UNHCR begins relocation of 50,000 South Sudan refugees in Ethiopia before the rains come (17/03/2015)**.
<http://www.unhcr.org/550807656.html>
- **Positive outlook for Iraq, but improvement will take months to show (17/03/2015)**.
<http://www.unhcr.org/55083f406.html>
- **Revolving fund paves way towards self-reliance for Afghan refugees (16/03/2015)**.
<http://www.unhcr.org/5506d8fb9.html>
- **Enmienda a Ley de Extranjería vincula gestión fronteriza y respeto de obligaciones internacionales (13/03/2015)**.
<http://www.acnur.es/noticias/noticias-de-espana/2062-2015-03-13-15-41-22>
- **Perseguidos por su orientación sexual, refugiados LGBTI consiguen protección en Brasil (13/03/2015)**.
<http://www.acnur.es/noticias/notas-de-prensa/2067-2015-03-18-11-03-42>
- **ACNUR envía ayuda a los sirios en el este de Alepo por primera vez en 2015 (13/03/2015)**.
<http://www.acnur.es/noticias/notas-de-prensa/2065-2015-03-17-12-20-41>

RELIEFWEB

- **La memoria histórica llega al aula (17/03/2015)**.
<http://reliefweb.int/report/colombia/la-memoria-hist-rica-llega-al-aula>

- **Eritreans flee camps but find they're in psychological prisons** (18/03/2015).
<http://reliefweb.int/report/eritrea/eritreans-flee-camps-find-they-re-psychological-prisons>

IRIN

- **Iraqi Kurdistan nears breaking point** (20/03/2015).
<http://www.irinnews.org/report/101258/iraqi-kurdistan-nears-breaking-point>
- **After Israel's elections, what prospects for Middle East peace process?** (18/03/2015).
<http://www.irinnews.org/report/101249/after-israel-s-elections-what-prospects-for-middle-east-peace-process>
- **Outsourcing asylum** (17/03/2015). As Europe braces for a summer of record maritime migrant arrivals, the EU has revived plans to establish processing centres beyond the borders of the Union.
<http://www.irinnews.org/report/101244/outsourcing-asylum>
- **Stranded Syrians at "serious risk" of losing refugee status in Lebanon** (16/03/2015). Hundreds of thousands of Syrians in Lebanon are at risk of losing their refugee status due to new visa rules, the United Nations has warned.
<http://www.irinnews.org/report/101236/stranded-syrians-at-serious-risk-of-losing-refugee-status-in-lebanon>